

# Partnering to Reduce Blood Stream Infections in Inpatient Dialysis Patients

## Central Line-Associated Blood Stream Infect on (CLABSI) Overview

Central venous catheters (CVCs) are lifesaving devices—and are linked to approximately 250,000 central line-associated blood stream infect on (CLABSI) cases annually in hospitals across the United States.¹ Dialysis catheters are a common cause of CLABSI. Fortunately, CLABSI is preventable through a proact ve approach that involves ident fying and addressing the unique risk factors for CLABSI in each hospital set fig.

## Yale New Haven Hospital's CLABSI Challenge

With a commitment to pat ent safety and zero events of harm, Yale New Haven Hospital

#### CLABSI Stats<sup>1</sup>

- CLABSI is the most common cause of health care-associated blood stream infect on
- Approximately 250K CLABSIs occur annually in U.S. hospitals
- Blood stream infect ons cause up to 62K deaths of pat ents in hospitals annually
- Up to 25% of pat ents with CLABSI die
- A single CLABSI incident can cost a hospital as much as \$56K

#### The Cause of CLABSI

DaVita's clinical and administrat ve teams, in partnership with the Yale New Haven Hospital team, collected source data and analyzed the results to ident fy the top risk factors contribut ng to dialysis-related CLABSI. Seven factors were ident fied. Primary opportunit es for improvement were related to CVC maintenance, including dressing changes, competency staf training and reinforced best pract ces.

### Plan of Act on

DaVita's administrator and the hospital team designed and implemented a plan of act on with the following core components:

- Educat on: DaVita partnered with Yale New Haven Hospital to provide ongoing educat on and training for the hospital's clinical team. Leaders from both organizat ons worked to ensure every team member was knowledgeable and competent in dialysis catheter best pract ces.
- Communication: The acute clinical coordinator served as a communications liaison between the DaVita administrator and the acute nurses to help ensure CLABSI risks and incidences were reported and addressed immediately. The acute nurses reported any of the seven risk factors as soon as they were identified.

Within this framework, DaVita tracked the dialysis-related CLABSI status and, in partnership with Yale New Haven Hospital, drove significant improvement.

For more informat on on how DaVita can partner with you to address CLABSI or other dialysis-related challenges, contact <a href="https://hospitals@davita.com">hospitals@davita.com</a>.

